



DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL RAMPURHAT

MID-TERM EXAMINATION

SESSION: 2024-2025

SUBJECT: ENGLISH

CLASS – VII

Time Allowed: 3 Hrs 15 Mins

Max. Marks: 80

General Instructions:

- (i) First 15 minutes are allowed only for reading the question paper.
- (ii) Students must NOT start writing during this time.
- (iii) This question paper consists of 4 printed pages.

SECTION A (READING)

1. Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions.

He sat a few furlongs away from the teashop, just where the footpath takes a bend. A spot where no one could miss him as they walked by. To anyone who did pass by, ignoring him, he would tap his brush and shout ‘Polish, sir?’

He was always sipping his tea. His eyes were always glued to the feet of those who passed by, summing them up.

Shining shoes, slippers or dirty ones, whoever walked past would be greeted by his ‘Polish, sir!’ I spotted him on my first day to office. I had to pass him from the bus stop. I had brand new shoes on. Getting down from the bus I had managed to keep the shoes shining bright. As walked past, lost in my thoughts, I was startled by his ‘Polish, sir!’

Ever since that day, I made sure my shoes -if not shining bright – were in good condition.

When the monsoons came, he would add some broken umbrellas to his kit and move in to the shelter of a shop if it rained. His eyes however, would always be glued to footwear.

His reputation was not very good. ‘He charges too much. And he is far too rude,’ my friend once told me, though he grudgingly admitted that he was ‘good at his job’.

‘Someday,’ I told myself, ‘I will get him to do my shoes.’ And all through I enjoyed passing by him playing my little game of ‘I don’t need you.’ I wondered at times if he caught on to my game or if I was just another pair of feet passing by.

A. Answer the following questions in complete sentences.

(2×5=10)

- (i) How did the cobbler make sure that he was visible?
- (ii) How did he do his job during monsoon?
- (iii) Why did the cobbler not have a good reputation?
- (iv) When and where did the author first spot the cobbler?
- (v) Why did the author make sure that his shoes were in a good condition whenever he passed by the cobbler?

B. Find the meanings of these words from the above passage. (1×3= 3)

- (i) Harsh –
- (ii) Fame –
- (iii) Fixed –

C. Substitute in one word. (1×2=2)

- (i) Feeling or showing sudden shock or alarm –
- (ii) A path for people to walk along –

D. Find out the opposite of ‘dimmed/dull’ from the above passage. 1

E. Identify the tense in the following sentences. (1×2=2)

- (i) “He was always sipping his tea.” –
- (ii) “I had managed to keep the shoes shining bright.” –

**F. “Shining shoes, slippers or dirty ones, whoever walked past would be greeted by his ‘Polish, Sir!’ –
Identify the present participle and past participle from this sentence.** (1+1=2)

SECTION B (WRITING)

2. Write ANY ONE of the following formal letters. 5

(a) Your school has recently completed the team selection for an upcoming tournament. You missed the selection because you were sick. Write a letter to your sports teacher requesting him/her to allow you a chance to appear for the selections again.

(b) Write an application to the principal requesting for change of section. Give genuine reasons for doing so.

3. Write ANY ONE essay of the followings within 120 words. 5

(a) ‘An Indian Festival You Like’

(b) ‘The Role of the Internet in Modern Life’

SECTION C (GRAMMAR)

4. Do as directed. (1×10=10)

- a. I won’t allow you to go. (Rewrite the sentence using bare infinitive)
- b. Some people prefer getting up early in the morning. (Rewrite the sentence using infinitive in place of gerund)
- c. Suman lost his bicycle and started crying. (Rewrite the sentence using present participle)
- d. To help people in times of need is noble. (Rewrite using gerund in place of infinitive)
- e. Each of the gifts were wrapped beautifully. (Correct the error and rewrite the sentence)

- f. If I were you, I would go to the doctor immediately. (Identify the type of the conditional)
- g. The student made mistakes **of a silly nature**. (Change the adjective phrase in bold into adjective and rewrite the sentence)
- h. I watched the sleeping baby in its mother’s lap. (Identify the participle and mention its type)

- i. He finished his homework. He went out for dinner. (Join into single sentence using perfect participle.)
- j. The group of friends are playing. (Correct the error and rewrite the sentence)

5. Complete sentences using the correct form of the verb given. (1×5=5)

- (a) It _____ (rain) really hard when I left the house.
- (b) We understood the poem after the teacher _____ (explain) it to us.
- (c) Minu _____ (prepare) the dishes for lunch tomorrow.
- (d) Thomas _____ (visit) when he was young.
- (e) _____ you _____ (do) your homework at this moment?

6. Fill in the blanks. (1×5=5)

- (a) Thanks for _____ (encouraging/ to encourage) me to get fit. (Choose the correct option)
- (b) Don't say something _____ you mean it. (Use alternative to 'if')
- (c) Let us _____ (go) for a walk. (Use Infinitive)
- (d) I'm annoyed by the _____ (chirp) bird outside the window. (Use Participle)
- (e) The plants on the balcony will be fine _____ (while/as long as) you remember to water them.

7. Identify the non-finite verbs in these sentences. Mention whether they are gerunds, participles or infinitives. (1×5=5)

- a. Having recovered from my illness, I reported back to duty today.
- b. Cooking for a hundred people is child's play for Sita and her team.
- c. I would like to meet your friends today.
- d. Dancing is her way to relax at the end of a long day.
- e. Sitting on the gate, a snake bit him.

SECTION D (LITERATURE)

8. Write T for True and F for False statements. (1×5=5)

- a. Genie agreed with Rohan for three wishes.
- b. The class requested Braithwaite for a boxing match on Friday.
- c. There are thousands to tell us it cannot be done.
- d. The transition from a lawyer to a yoga expert was hard for Varuna.
- e. The Unseen Playmate comes from the imagination of a child.

9. Number the sentences in the correct order. (1×5=5)

- ___ A large smoky figure turned around to face the boys.
- ___ Rohan prevented Kabir from crying.
- ___ Kabir was excited to ask the first wish.
- ___ Rohan and Kabir noticed familiar tin can.
- ___ "RUN, KABIIIR . . . IT'S A BOMB" Rohan shouted.

10. Answer the following questions in complete sentences.

(1×4=4)

- a. What was Kabir's idea of a Genie?
- b. Who is the author of 'More Than I Am' along with Varuna Shunglu?
- c. What is the rhyme scheme of the poem 'The Unseen Playmate'?
- d. What is the main idea of the poem 'It Couldn't Be Done'?

11. Match the following.

(1×5=5)

	A		B
1	Weston	a	Varuna Shunglu
2	Robert Louis Stevenson	b	Sinister
3	Kyogiwellness Pvt. Ltd.	c	The Father of Indian Physical Culture
4	Evil	d	Sarcastic
5	Bishu Ghosh	e	The Unseen Playmate

12. Reference to context.

- a. "CHOOSE WISELY" –

(1+2=3)

- i. Whom did the Genie ask to choose?
- ii. Why did the Genie tell to choose the wishes 'WISELY'?

- b. "I mean this suburban formality and all. Bit foreign in this neck of the woods, don't you think?"

(1+2=3)

- iii. Who said this?
- iv. Why did he sneer at Braithwaite?



Delhi Public School, Rampurhat

MID - TERM EXAMINATION

SESSION: 2024-2025

SUBJECT: BENGALI

CLASS – VII

Time Allowed: 3 Hours 15 Mins

Max. Marks: 80

- প্রথম 15মিনিট শুধুমাত্র প্রশ্নপত্র পড়ার জন্য অনুমোদিত।
- এই সময়ে ছাত্রছাত্রীরা লেখা শুরু করবে না।
- এই প্রশ্নপত্রটি চারটি মুদ্রিত পৃষ্ঠা নিয়ে গঠিত।
- এই প্রশ্নপত্র তিনটি বিভাগ নিয়ে গঠিত:
- বিভাগ 'ক' - নির্মিতি
- বিভাগ 'খ' - ব্যাকরণ
- বিভাগ 'গ' - সাহিত্য

বিভাগ ক - নির্মিতি

1) নীচের অনুচ্ছেদটি পড় এবং প্রদত্ত প্রশ্নগুলির উত্তর দাও। (1×5=5)

দুপুর বেলা বাড়িসুদ্ধ সববাই ঘুমোচ্ছে। বাবা ঘুমোচ্ছেন, মা ঘুমোচ্ছেন, মেজোমামা পর্যন্ত খবরের কাগজে মুখ ঢাকা দিয়ে বেজায় ঘুমোচ্ছেন। কিন্তু টুনুর আর ঘুমই আসে না। তাকিয়ে দেখল হাবুটা অবধি চোখ বুজে মটকা মেরে পড়ে আছে। তাকে ডাকা চলে না মেজোমামা যদি জেগে যান! টুনু শুয়ে শুয়ে ভাবছে বাবার নতুন ঘোড়া খুব সুন্দর হলেও দাদামশাইয়ের বুড়ো ঘোড়া লালুর কাছে লাগে না। লালু কত কালের পুরোনো, সেই কবে মেজোমামা যখন ইস্কুলে যেতেন তখনকার! কীরকম প্রভুভক্ত! ওর গায়ে কী জোর! ভাবতে ভাবতে টুনুর মনে হল— বাদলা দিন বলে বাবা আবার আজ ঘোড়ায় চড়তে বারণ করেছেন। বড়োদের যদি কোনো বুদ্ধিসুদ্ধি থাকে আচ্ছা, আজকের দিনই যদি ঘোড়া না চড়বে, তা চড়বে কবে!

জানলা দিয়ে বাইরে তাকাতেই টুনুর মুখটা হাঁ হয়ে গেল, চোখ দুটো গোলমাল হয়ে গেল। দেখল দাদামশাইয়ের বুড়ো ঘোড়া লালু কেমন যেন মুচকি হাসতে হাসতে উঠোন পার হয়ে বাবার নতুন ঘোড়া রতনের আস্তাবলে ঢুকল। টুনু উঠে এসে জানলার আড়ালে দাঁড়াল। একটু বাদেই রতন লালু দুজনেই আস্তাবলের কোণ ঘুরে কোথায় যেন চলে গেলাটুনু ডাকল— ও কেশরী, ও সই-ই-স!

লালু-রতন যে পালিয়ে গেল! কিন্তু গলা দিয়ে আর স্বরই বেরুল না। বাইরে এসে ইদিক-উদিক তাকিয়ে যখন কেশরী সিং কিম্বা সইসের পাত্তা পেল না, টুনু নিজেই চলল আস্তাবলের কোণ ঘুরে রতন-লালুর পিছন পিছনাকী আশ্চর্য! আস্তাবলের পিছনে সেইসব ধোপাদের কুঁড়ে ঘর, তার সামনে নোংরা মাঠে ধোপাদের গাধা বাঁধা থাকত, আর ময়লা দড়িতে সাহেবদের কোট পেন্টেলুন রোদে শুকাত, সেইসব গেল কোথায়? টুনু দেখল দু-পাশে গা ঘেঁষে ঘেঁষে সারি সারি দোকান। কোনোটা আলু কাবলির, কোনোটা লাল-নীল পেনসিলের, কোনোটা কাঁচের মার্বেলের চারিদিকে দোকানে দোকানে বড়ো বড়ো নোটস ঝোলানো।

ক) দুপুরবেলা সকলে কী করছিল?

খ)দোকানে কী ঝোলানো?

গ)কে জানলার আড়ালে দাঁড়াল?

ঘ)পুরোনো ঘোড়ার নাম কী?

ঙ)কে চোখ বুজে মটকা মেরে পড়ে আছে?

2)নীচের প্রদত্ত বিষয়দুটির মধ্যে থেকে একটি বেছে নিয়ে অনুচ্ছেদ রচনা করো।(5×1=5)

দৈনন্দিন জীবনে বিজ্ঞান

অথবা

একটি মেলার বর্ণনা

বিভাগ – খ ব্যাকরণ

3)নীচের প্রশ্নগুলি থেকে সঠিক উত্তরটি বেছে নিয়ে লেখো।(1×15 =15)

ক) পরি + ছন্ন - (পরিছন্ন / পরিচ্ছন্ন / পরিছনো)।

খ) বাক্যে যার সম্পর্কে কিছু বলা হয় তাকে বলে – (বিধেয় / সম্প্রসারক /উদ্দেশ্য) ।

গ) ধার্মিক কথাটি –(ক্রিয়া / বিশেষণ / বিশেষ্য) ।

ঘ) উদ্দেশ্যের সম্প্রসারক-(অব্যয়/ বিশেষ্য / বিশেষণ) হয়।

ঙ) উৎ + স্থাপন -(উত্থাপন/ উত্থাপন/ উত্থাপন) ।

চ) উজ্জ্বল পদ পরিবর্তন করলে হবে -(উজ্জ্বল্য/ উজ্জ্বল/ ওজ্যলো) ।

ছ) উদ্দেশ্য ও বিধেয় এর মধ্যে পার্থক্য-(আছে / নেই /খুব অল্প আছে)।

জ) পতৎ + অঞ্জলি -(পতনজলি / পতৎজলী / পতঞ্জলি)।

ঝ) উদ্দেশ্য সবসময় উহ্য থাকে-(কথাটি ঠিক/ কথাটি ভুল / কথাটি কিছুটা ভুল)।

ঞ) মানব পদ পরিবর্তন করলে হবে -(মানুষ/ মানবিক/মানবী)।

ট) স্বরবর্ণের সঙ্গে ব্যঞ্জনবর্ণের মিলনে হয় স্বরসন্ধি -(কথাটি ঠিক/ কথাটি ভুল /কথাটি কিছুটা ঠিক)।

ঠ) পল + অন্ন -(পলান্ন / পলন্ন / পলানো)।

ড) নিপাতনে সন্ধি -(সব সন্ধিতেই আছে/শুধু স্বরসন্ধিতে আছে/শুধু ব্যঞ্জনসন্ধিতে আছে)।

ঢ) শরৎ এর পদ পরিবর্তন করলে হবে -(শারদীয়/শারদা/শরত)।

ণ) রত্ন + আকর -(রত্নাকর/ রতনোরক/রতণাকর) ।

4)নীচের প্রশ্নগুলির নির্দেশ অনুসারে উত্তর দাও।(1×5=5)

ক) বিধেয় কাকে বলে ?

খ) ব্যঞ্জনসন্ধি কাকে বলে ?

গ) পদ পরিবর্তন কাকে বলে?

ঘ) নিপাতনে সিদ্ধ ব্যঞ্জনসন্ধি কাকে বলে?

ঙ) বাক্য কাকে বলে?

5) নীচের প্রশ্নগুলির নির্দেশ অনুসারে উত্তর দাওক অবশ্যই করতে হবে, খ এবং গ এর ভিতরে যে কোনো একটি করতে হবে। (5×2=10)

ক) নীচের শব্দগুলির পদ পরিবর্তন করো।

ঐতিহাসিক, শৈব, ঝগড়াটে, হাট, পাগল

খ) নীচের বাক্যগুলি থেকে কোনগুলি উদ্দেশ্য তা চিহ্নিত করে লেখো।

*সূর্য পূর্বদিকে ওঠে।

* লীলা ও মিলি দুই বোন।

*মাছ নদীতে খেলা করছে।

*গীতা আম খেতে ভালোবাসে।

*এদিকে এসো।

অথবা

গ) নীচের শব্দগুলির সন্ধি বিচ্ছেদ করো।

স্বচ্ছন্দ, শরদিন্দু, রুদ্ধ, আশ্চর্য, ষোড়শ

বিভাগ গ - সাহিত্য

6) নীচের প্রশ্নগুলি থেকে সঠিক উত্তরটি বেছে নিয়ে লেখো। (1×15= 15)

ক) স্যর ওয়াল্টার রালে বিলেতে প্রচলন করেন -(আলু/ দই/ভাত)।

খ) ‘পুজোর সাজ’ কবিতায় জামা পেয়ে খুশি হয়েছিল- (মধু/ গুপি/ বিধু)।

গ) কাঁকড়া এনেছিল -(প্রধান/কুঞ্জ/ মাখন)।

ঘ) অপরাজিতা ফুল পরাজিত -(গোলাপের কাছে/জুঁই এর কাছে/সকল ফুলের কাছে)।

ঙ) স্টিফেনসন প্রথম ইঞ্জিনের পরীক্ষা করেন -(তেত্রিশ বছর বয়সে/ কুড়ি বছর বয়সে / চল্লিশ বছর বয়সে)।

চ) সাটিনের জামা পেয়েছিল -(রাম /গুপি / বিধু)।

ছ) মাখন বসেছিল-(দাওয়াতে/ ছাদে / সিঁড়িতে)।

জ) প্রফুল্লচন্দ্র রায় এর ছেলেবেলার নাম ছিল -(ভুলু/কালু/ফুলু)।

ঝ) সিংহশিশু হলেন- (বিদ্যাসাগর /নেতাজী/প্রফুল্ল চন্দ্র রায়)।

ঞ) বিনোদিনী রান্না করছিল- (জগদুমুর /আমড়া / ডাল)।

ট) বিদ্যাসাগর ছিলেন-(দয়ার অবতার/রাগের অবতার / ক্ষমার অবতার)।

ঠ) বিবাহবাসরে অপরাজিতা থাকে -(উজ্জ্বল/ খুশি/শ্রিয়মাণ)।

ড) প্রফুল্লচন্দ্র রায়ের বাবা গ্রামে তৈরি করেছিলেন- (ইস্কুল/ক্লাব /ফুটবল মাঠ)।

ঢ) পুজোর বাজনা বেজে উঠল -(আশ্বিনের মাঝামাঝি/ পৌষের মাঝামাঝি/ ভাদ্রের মাঝামাঝি)।

ণ) রেল চলাচল আরম্ভ হলো -(1830 সালে /1831 সালে /1832 সালে)।

7) নীচের প্রশ্নগুলির সংক্ষেপে উত্তর দাও। (1×10=10)

ক) কোন ফুলের সৌরভ আছে ?

খ) প্রফুল্লচন্দ্র জন্মগ্রহণ করেছিলেন কোন গ্রামে?

গ) রায়বাবুর ছেলের নাম কী ?

ঘ) অতসী ফুলের রঙ কী ?

ঙ) কাওনের চাল কে এনেছিল ?

চ) প্রফুল্লচন্দ্রের বাবার নাম কী?

ছ) পিতা কোথায় বসে ছিল ?

জ) কে রেল ইঞ্জিন চালু করেন ?

ঝ) ছাত্রাবস্থাতে লেখা প্রফুল্লচন্দ্রের বই এর নাম কী?

ঞ) কার আশীর্বাদ মাথায় নিয়ে বিদ্যাসাগর নেমেছিল ভালো কাজে ?

৪) নীচের প্রশ্নগুলির নিজের ভাষায় উত্তর দাও। (5×3=15)

ক) কুঞ্জ কে ? ‘নবান্ন’ গল্পে দরিদ্র পরিবারের যে ছবিটি ফুটে উঠেছে তা নিজের ভাষায় লেখো।(2+3 =5)

খ) “কালো আঁখিপুটে শিশির অশ্রু ঝরে” কোন কবিতার অংশ ? কবির নাম কী ? কেন অশ্রু ঝরে ? (1+1+3=5)

গ) ‘পুজোর সাজ’ কবিতায় বিধুর চরিত্রটি কেমন ,তা নিজের ভাষায় লেখো (5)



DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL RAMPURHAT

MID-TERM EXAMINATION

SESSION: 2024-2025

SUBJECT: HINDI

CLASS – VII

Time Allowed: 3 Hrs 15 Mins

Max. Marks: 80

General Instructions:

सभी प्रश्नों के उत्तर देना अनिवार्य है। लिखावट साफ सुथरी होनी चाहिए।

1-अतिरिक्त 15 मिनट का समय सिर्फ प्रश्नों को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ने के लिए दिया है।

2-इस प्रश्नों को चार खंडों में विभक्त किया गया है।

(खंड-क)

दिए गए गद्यांश को कम से कम दो तीन बार अवश्य पढ़ ले।

1. निम्नलिखित अपठित गद्यांश को पढ़कर पछे गए प्रश्नों के सही उत्तर छांटकर लिखिए: (1X5=5)

बढ़ती जनसंख्या ने अनेक प्रकार की समस्याओं को जन्म दिया है- रोटी, कपड़ा, मकान की कमी, बेरोजगारी, निरक्षरता, कृषि एवं उद्योगों के उत्पादनों में कमी आदि। हम जितना अधिक उन्नति करते हैं या विकास करते हैं जनसंख्या उनके अनुपात में कहीं अधिक बढ़ जाती है। बढ़ती जनसंख्या के समक्ष सभी सरकारी प्रयास असफल दिखाई देते हैं। कृषि उत्पादन और औद्योगिक विकास बढ़ती जनसंख्या के सामने नगण्य सिद्ध हो रहे हैं। इन सभी बातों को ध्यान में रखते हुए जनसंख्या वृद्धि पर नियंत्रण की अति आवश्यकता है। इसके बिना विकास के लिए किए गए सभी प्रकार के प्रयत्न अधूरे रह जाएँगे।

प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखिए:

(क) बढ़ती जनसंख्या ने किसे जन्म दिया है?

(i) दुर्गुणों को (ii) अनेक प्रकार की समस्याओं को (iii) दुर्भावनाओं को (iv) अनेक प्रकार की विपदाओं को।

(ख) विकास कार्य क्यों नहीं दिखाई देते ?

(i) राजनीतिक अक्षमता के कारण (ii) समस्याओं के कारण

(iii) भ्रष्टाचार के कारण (iv) जनसंख्या की वृद्धि के कारण

(ग) बढ़ती जनसंख्या ने इनमें से किस समस्या को जन्म नहीं दिया है?

(i) रोटी कपड़े की समस्या (ii) बेरोजगारी की समस्या (iii) निरक्षरता की समस्या (iv) दहेज की समस्या

(घ) बढ़ती जनसंख्या के समक्ष कौन से प्रयास असफल दिखाई देते हैं?

(i) सभी सरकारी प्रयास (ii) सभी मानवीय प्रयास (iii) सभी गैर-सरकारी प्रयास (iv) सभी सामाजिक प्रयास

(ङ) “नगण्य” शब्द का सही अर्थ है (i) बहुत (ii) थोड़ा (iii) पर्याप्त (iv) अपर्याप्त

(2) निम्नलिखित अपठित पद्यांश को पढ़कर पछे गए प्रश्नों के सही उत्तर छांटकर लिखिए: (1X5=5)

रिमझिम-रिमझिम सी बूंदें,

जग के आंगन में आईं।

अपने लघु उज्ज्वल तन में,

कितनी सुंदरता लाईं।

मेघों ने गरज-गरजकर,
मादक संगीत सुनाया।
इस हरी भरी संध्या ने,
हमको उन्मत्त बनाया।
सूखी सरिताओं ने फिर,
सुंदर नवजीवन पाया।

उपरोक्त काव्यांश के आधार पर पूछे गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखिए।

(क) कविता में किस ऋतु का वर्णन किया गया है?

1. शरद ऋतु 2. ग्रीष्म ऋतु 3. वर्षा ऋतु 4. शिशिर ऋतु

(ख) मेघों ने क्या सुनाया?

1. कविता 2. चुटकले 3. कहानी 4. संगीत

(ग) इस कविता में 'संध्या' शब्द के साथ कौन सा विशेषण है?

1. हरी-भरी 2. लाल-काली 3. पीली-पीली 4. नीली-पीली

(घ) सूखी सरिताओं ने क्या पाया?

1. मृत्यु 2. हरियाली 3. नवजीवन 4. उन्माद

(ङ) काव्यांश के लिए उपयुक्त शीर्षक-

1. सुख का संसार 2. वर्षा ऋतु 3. वन-गमन 4. वसंत ऋतु

(खंड -ख)

3) बहुविकल्पीय प्रश्न:

(1X16=16)

(1) भाषा के कितने भेद के होते हैं?

- (क) दो (ख) चार (ग) तीन

(i) व्याकरण के कितने भाग होते हैं?

- (क) दो (ख) चार (ग) छः

(2) पुल्लिंग को स्त्रीलिंग में बदलिए:

- (i) सुंदर (क) सुंदरता (ख) सुंदरम (ग) सुंदरी
(ii) कवि (क) कविता (ख) कवीत्री (ग) कवित्रि

(3) एकवचन को बहुवचन में बदलिए:

- (i) कबूतर (क) कबूतरों (ख) कबूतरी (ग) कबूतरे
(ii) मनुष्य (ख) मनुष्या (ख) मनुष्यता (ग) मनुष्य

(4) वाक्यों में सही सर्वनाम लिखिए :

- (i) यह मेरा कलम है। (क) निजवाचक सर्वनाम (ख) पुरुषवाचक सर्वनाम (ग) निश्चयवाचक सर्वनाम
(ii) मुझे कहां जाना है ? (क) संबंधवाचक सर्वनाम (ख) निश्चयवाचक सर्वनाम (ग) प्रश्नवाचक सर्वनाम
(5) निम्नलिखित वाक्य में से कौन सा कारक हैं

- (i) बालक कलम से लिखता है। (क) करण कारक (ख) संबंध कारक (ग) कर्म कारक
(ii) पलंग पर तकिया रखी है। (क) कर्ता कारक (ख) अपादान कारक (ग) अधिकरण कारक
(6)

(i) संज्ञा के कितने भेद होते हैं? (क) दो (ख) तीन (ग) चार (घ) पांच

(ii) हमारे देश की राजभाषा है? (क) अंग्रेजी (ख) संस्कृत (ग) हिन्दी

(7)

(i) वर्ण के कौन-कौन से प्रकार के होते हैं

(क) मौखिक-लिखित (ख) लिपि-वर्ण (ग) स्वर-व्यंजन (घ) पुलिंग-स्त्रीलिंग

(ii) स्वर के कितने भेद होते हैं?

(क) 2 (ख) 4 (ग) 6 (घ) 8

8)

(i) तत्सम शब्द है -

(क) आलस्य (ख) आलसी (ग) आलस (घ) आलसत

(ii) "कोयल" शब्द है -

(क) तत्सम (ख) देशज (ग) तद्भव (घ) विदेशज

(4) निम्नलिखित पठित गद्यांश को पढ़कर पछे गए प्रश्नों के सही उत्तर छांटकर लिखिए : (1X5=5)

एक रानी 15 साल तक जिंदा रह सकती है। मज़दूर चींटी अक्सर सात-आठ साल जीती है। ऐसा लगता है की बस्ती में एक रानी के होने से लेकर अन्य सभी कामों के पीछे रासायनिक संकेत का ही हाथ है। कुल मिलाकर यह रासायनिक संकेत दो प्रकार के होते हैं एक स्वाद वाले और दूसरे गंध वाले। गंध वाले संकेत वे होते हैं जो चींटियों की बड़ी संख्या को एक साथ किसी काम के लिए तत्पर कर देते हैं। स्वाद वाले पदार्थ स्पर्श के माध्यम से एक दूसरे तक पहुंचाते हैं। जब एक चींटी दूसरी चींटी से ज़बान लड़ाती है, तो वास्तव में वे आपस में एक रासायनिक मिश्रण का आदान-प्रदान करती हैं। इस मिश्रण के रासायनिक पदार्थ तुरंत शरीर पर असर करते हैं और चींटी को बताते हैं कि उसे क्या करना है। मज़ेदार बात यह है कि चींटियां इन रासायनिक संकेतों को अनसुना, अनदेखा नहीं कर सकतीं, एक कान से सुनकर दूसरे कान से नहीं निकल सकतीं। वे इनके अनुसार काम करने को मजबूर होती हैं।

- (क) यह गद्यांश किस पाठ से लिया गया है?
(ख) कौन-कौन से रासायनिक संकेत होते हैं?
(ग) एक चींटी दूसरी चींटी से क्या लड़ाती है?
(घ) एक रानी कितने साल तक जिंदा रह सकती है?
(ङ) चींटियों से हमें क्या प्रेरणा मिलती है?

(5) निम्नलिखित पठित पद्यांश को पढ़कर पछे गए प्रश्नों के सही उत्तर छांटकर लिखिए : (1X5=5)

दो में से क्या चाहिए, कलम या की तलवार ?
मन में ऊंचे भाव कि तन में शक्ति अजेय अपार
अंध कक्ष में बैठे रचोगे ऊंचे, मीठे गान ?
या तलवार पकड़ जीतोगे बाहर जा मैदान ?

- (क) यह पंक्ति किस पाठ से लिया गया है?
(ख) इस पंक्ति के कवि का क्या नाम है?
(ग) पंक्ति में "अजेय" क्या अर्थ है?
(घ) तलवार किसके प्रतीक है?
(ङ) कलम किसके प्रतीक हैं?

(6) निम्नलिखित पठित कविता को पढ़कर पछे गए प्रश्नों के सही उत्तर छांटकर लिखिए : (1X5=5)

आराम जिंदगी की कुंजी,
इससे न तपेदिक होती है।
आराम सुधा की एक बूंद,

तन का दुबलापन होती है।

आराम शब्द में 'राम' छिपा जो भव-बंधन को होता है।

आराम शब्द का ज्ञाता तो बिरला ही योगी होता है।

इसलिए तुम्हें समझता हूँ, मेरे अनुभव से काम करो, यह जीवन यौवन क्षण-भंगुर, आराम करो आराम करो।

(i) यह पंक्ति किस पाठ से लिया गया है ?

(क) स्नेहा शपथ (ख) कलम और तलवार (ग) आराम करो

(ii) इस पंक्ति के कवि कौन है ?

(क) गोपाल प्रसाद व्यास (ख) भवानी प्रसाद मिश्र (ग) रामधारी सिंह दिनकर

(iii) "आराम" शब्द में क्या छिपा है ?

(क) नींद (ख) खुशी (ग) राम

(iv) "यौवन" शब्द क्या अर्थ है?

(क) जीवित (ख) जीवन (ग) जवानी

(v) कवि अपने अनुभवों से क्या समझता है?

(क) मेहनत करना (ख) आराम करना (ग) योग करना

(खंड - ग)

(7) निम्नलिखित लघु प्रश्न उत्तर गद्य पाठ के आधार पर ।

(2X3=6)

(क) शाहजहां के भाइयों के क्या नाम थे ?

(ख) चींटियों के बुद्धिमान होने का क्या अर्थ है ?

(8) निम्नलिखित लघु प्रश्न उत्तर कविता पाठ के आधार पर ।

(2X3=6)

(क) हाथ में तलवार होने पर व्यक्ति क्या-क्या कर सकता है ?

(ख) कवि अपने अनुभव के अनुसार कैसे जीवन को श्रेष्ठ मानते हैं ?

(9) निम्नलिखित दीर्घ प्रश्न उत्तर गद्य पाठ के आधार पर ।

(2X4=8)

(क) किस खेल के दौरान दृश्य कैलिडोस्कोप से बनती बिगड़ती सुंदर आकृति सा लगता था? कैसे?

(ख) एफिड क्या है ? चींटियों से इसका संबंध स्पष्ट कीजिए ?

(10) निम्नलिखित दीर्घ प्रश्न उत्तर पाठ पद्य के आधार पर ।

(2X4=8)

(क) कलम को बड़ी शक्ति क्यों कहा गया है ?

(ख) कवि अकलमंद लोगों के पास क्यों नहीं जाना चाहते ?

(खंड - घ)

(11) निम्नलिखित विषय पर लगभग 150 शब्दों में अनुच्छेद लिखिए?

(6X1=6)

" हिन्दी हमारी राजभाषा "

(12) आप 21/7, बेहाला, कोलकाता, में रहने वाले राहुल हैं,

अपने मामा जी को पत्र लिखकर उनके द्वारा आपके

जन्मदिन पर भेजे गए उपहार के लिए कृतज्ञता व्यक्त करते

हुए एक धन्यवाद पत्र लिखिए।

(1X5=5)



DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL RAMPURHAT

MID-TERM EXAMINATION

SESSION: 2024-2025

SUBJECT: MATHEMATICS

CLASS – VII

Time Allowed: 3 Hrs 15 Mins

Max. Marks: 80

General Instructions:

- (i) First 15 minutes are allowed only for reading the question paper. Students must NOT start writing during this time.
- (ii) This question paper consists of 40 questions divided into four sections A, B, C, D and E.
- (iii) Section A contains of twenty questions of 1 mark each, section B contains six questions of 2 marks each, section C contains eight questions of 3 marks each, section D contains three questions of 4 marks each and section E contains three questions of 4 marks each.
- (iv) This question paper consists of 4 printed pages.

Group-A (Multiple Choice Questions)

1 X 20 = 20

- (1) $(-11) \times 7$ is not equal to (a) $11 \times (-7)$ (b) $-(11 \times 7)$ (c) $(-11) \times (-7)$ (d) $7 \times (-11)$
- (2) $(-16) \div 4$ is not same as (a) $(-4) \div 16$ (b) $-(16 \div 4)$ (c) $16 \div (-4)$ (d) -4
- (3) If a and b are two integers, then which of the following may not be an integer?
(a) $a + b$ (b) $a - b$ (c) $a \times b$ (d) $a \div b$
- (4) Reciprocal of the fraction $\frac{2}{3}$ is (a) 2 (b) 3 (c) $\frac{2}{3}$ (d) $\frac{3}{2}$
- (5) $(\frac{1}{5} \div \frac{4}{5})$ is equal to (a) $\frac{4}{5}$ (b) $\frac{1}{5}$ (c) $\frac{5}{4}$ (d) $\frac{1}{4}$
- (6) A rational number can be represented in the form of (a) $\frac{p}{q}$ (b) pq (c) $p+q$ (d) $p-q$
- (7) The additive identity of rational number 1 is (a) 0 (b) 1 (c) 2 (d) -1
- (8) What is the value when 100 divided by 0? (a) 0 (b) 100 (c) 1 (d) Undefined
- (9) $\frac{3}{10}$ is equal to (a) 3.1 (b) 1.3 (c) 0.3 (d) 0.03

(10) $2 + \frac{3}{10} + \frac{5}{100}$ is equal to (a) 2.305 (b) 2.3 (c) 2.35 (d) 0.235

(11) 2 kg 5 gm is equal to (a) 2.5 kg (b) 2.05 kg (c) 2.005 kg (d) 2.6 kg

(12) $2^2 \times 2^3 \times 2^4$ is equal to (a) 2^{24} (b) 2^{-9} (c) 2^9 (d) 2^2

(13) $\frac{5^4}{5^2}$ is equal to (a) 5^4 (b) 5^{-9} (c) 5^9 (d) 5^2

(14) The value of $(3^4)^3$ is (a) 3^4 (b) 3^{12} (c) 3^9 (d) 3^2

(15) An algebraic expression containing three terms is called a

(a) monomial (b) binomial (c) trinomial (d) all of these

(16) Coefficient of x in $(-9xy^2z)$ is (a) $9yz$ (b) $-9yz$ (c) $9y^2z$ (d) $-9y^2z$

(17) The subtraction of 5 times of y from x is (a) $5x - y$ (b) $y - 5x$ (c) $x - 5y$ (d) $5y - x$

(18) Which of the following is not a linear equation in one variable?

(a) $33z+5 = 0$ (b) $33(x+y) = 0$ (c) $33x+5 = 0$ (d) $33y+5 = 0$

(19) The degree of $(x^2 - 5x + 2 - x^3)$ is (a) 3 (b) 2 (c) 1 (d) 0

(20) What is the value of x if $x + 9 = 12$? (a) 2 (b) 3 (c) 8 (d) 6

Group-B (Very Short Answer Questions)

2 X 6 = 12

(21) Verify $(x \div y) \neq (y \div x)$ for $x = 15$ and $y = 5$.

OR

Find: $11 \times \frac{27}{35} \times \frac{7}{9}$

(22) List four rational Numbers lying between 0 and 1.

(23) Find (10.5×5.5) .

(24) Convert $\frac{512}{729}$ in power notation.

(25) If $a=5$ and $b=6$, then find the value of $(3a^2b^2 - 4)$.

(26) Solve: $3(x - 1) = 2x - 11$

Group-C (Short Answer Questions)

3 X 8 = 24

(27) Find the value by using suitable property: $26 \times (-48) + (-48) \times (-36)$

(28) The perimeter of a rectangular park having length $5\frac{1}{4}$ m is $17\frac{1}{2}$ m. Find the area of the park.

(29) Arrange in ascending order: $\frac{3}{4}, \frac{2}{7}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{6}{7}$.

(30) Find: (0.678×0.789)

OR

Find: $(29.25 \div 4.5)$

(31) Simplify: $\frac{3^5 \times 10^5 \times 25}{5^7 \times 6^3}$

(32) The sum of two consecutive number is 59. Find the numbers.

(33) Add using column method: $(9xy+2x+3y)$, $(-7xy+7x-3y)$, $(8xy-6x-y)$.

(34) Solve: $\frac{y+19}{5} = 8$ and check the answer.

Group-D (Long Answer Questions)

4 X 3 = 12

(35) Solve for x: $\frac{7x-6}{3} - 4 = \frac{x-1}{2}$

(36) Subtract the sum of $(3x-2y+5z)$ and $(5x-4y+5x)$ from the sum of $(3x+4y-5z)$ and $(6x-3y+5z)$.

(37) 75 bags of rice weigh 412.50 kg. What will be the weight of 100 bags? If the price of rice is Rs. 49.50 per kg what will be the cost of 100 bags of rice?

OR

A man uses $\frac{1}{3}$ of his land for growing mangoes, $\frac{1}{4}$ for bananas, $\frac{3}{8}$ for apples and the remaining 18 hectares for oranges.

(a) How much land does he have?

(b) How much land does he use for growing apples?

Group-E (Case Study)

4 X 3 = 12

(38) In an examination, 6 marks are given for every correct answer and (-3) marks are given for every incorrect answer. Sourav scored 45 marks. He got 12 correct answers.

Based on the above information, answer the following questions:

- (a) Find the marks scored by Sourav for 12 correct answers.
- (b) Find the marks scored by Sourav for incorrect answers.
- (c) Find the total number of incorrect answers.
- (d) What is the mark scored for 6 incorrect answers?

(39) A man owned 17 horses. When he died his will was read. It was written that his $\frac{1}{2}$ horses shall pass on to the eldest daughter. His $\frac{1}{3}$ horses shall pass on to his middle daughter and remaining horses shall pass on to the youngest daughter.

Based on the above information, answer the following questions:

- (a) What is the additive inverse of $\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{1}{3}$ and $\frac{1}{9}$.
- (b) Find the reciprocal of $\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{1}{3}$ and $\frac{1}{9}$.
- (c) Find $\frac{x}{y}$ if $\frac{x}{y} + \frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{9}$.
- (d) The sum of two rational numbers is $(-\frac{5}{2})$. If one of them is $\frac{1}{3}$, find the other.

(40) A spacecraft is a vehicle that is designed to fly in outer space. All spacecraft except single-stage-to-orbit vehicles cannot get into space on their own, and require a launch vehicle (carrier rocket). A spacecraft X travels 5.36×10^{13} light years and another spacecraft Y travels 6.48×10^9 light years.

Based on the above information, answer the following questions:

- (a) Write 5.36×10^{13} in usual form.
- (b) Write 6.48×10^9 in usual form.
- (c) Which spacecraft travels more distance?
- (d) Find the sum of 5.36×10^{13} and 6.48×10^9 .



DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL RAMPURHAT

MID TERM EXAMINATION

SESSION: 2024-2025

SUBJECT- SCIENCE

CLASS-VII

Time Allowed: 3Hrs 15 Mins

Max.Marks:80

General Instructions:

1. This question paper consists of 39 questions in 5 sections.
2. All questions are compulsory. However, an internal choice is provided in some questions. A student is expected to attempt only one of these questions.
3. Section A consists of 20 objective-type questions carrying 1 mark each.
4. Section B consists of 6 Very Short questions carrying 2 marks each. Answers to these questions should be in the range of 30 to 50 words.
5. Section C consists of 7 Short Answer type questions carrying 3 marks each. Answers to these questions should be in the range of 50 to 80 words.
6. Section D consists 03 Long Answer type questions carrying 5 marks each. Answer to these questions should be in the range of 80 to 120 words.
7. Section E consists of 3 source-based/case-based units of assessment of 4 marks each with sub-parts.
8. This question paper consists of 4 printed pages.

SECTION-A

(1X20=20)

1. Products of a neutralization reaction are always
(a) an acid and a base (b) an acid and a salt (c) a salt and water (d) a salt and a base
2. Turmeric is a natural indicator. On adding its paste to acid and base separately, which colors would be observed?
(a) Yellow in both acid and base (b) Yellow in acid and red in base
(c) Pink in acid and yellow in base (d) Red in acid and blue in base
3. Which of the following sets of substances contains acids?
(a) Grapes, lime water (b) Vinegar, soap (c) Curd, milk of magnesia (d) Curd, vinegar
4. Which of the following is a physical change?
(a) Rusting of iron (b) Combustion of magnesium ribbon
(c) Burning of candle (d) Melting of wax
5. A chemical change may involve
(a) change in colour only (b) change in temperature only
(c) evolution of gas only (d) All of the above

6. A man painted his main gate made up of iron, to
(a) prevent it from rusting. (b) protect it from the sun.
(c) make it look beautiful. (d) make it dust free.
7. _____ respiration takes place in presence of oxygen.
8. Saliva is secreted in the mouth by _____.
9. Water from undigested food is absorbed mainly in the –
(a) stomach (b) food pipe (c) small intestine (d) large intestine
10. In cockroaches air enters the body through –
(a) lungs (b) gills (c) spiracles (d) skin
11. What is breathing rate?
12. What are heterotrophs?
13. What is the process of transfer of heat energy from one body to another called?
(a) Conduction (b) Convection (c) Radiation (d) Heat transfer
14. Which of the following materials is a good conductor of heat?
(a) Wood (b) Metal (c) Plastic (d) Glass
15. What is the distance traveled by an object in a given time called?
(a) Speed (b) Velocity (c) Displacement (d) Distance
16. What is the unit of speed?
(a) Meter per second (m/s) (b) Kilometer per hour (km/h)
(c) Centimeter per second (cm/s) (d) Millimeter per second (mm/s)
17. What is the time taken by an object to complete one oscillation called?
(a) Period (b) Frequency (c) Amplitude (d) Time period
18. Which of the following is an example of uniform motion?
(a) A car moving on a straight road (b) A ball thrown upwards
(c) A bicycle moving on a circular track (d) A train moving on a zig-zag track
19. What is the graph of a moving object with equal intervals of time called?
(a) Distance-time graph (b) Speed-time graph
(c) Velocity-time graph (d) Acceleration-time graph
20. What is the normal temperature of the human body?
(a) 25°C (b) 30°C (c) 37°C (d) 40°C

SECTION-B

(2X6=12)

21. Which acid is injected into our body by an ant sting that causes pain? Write two basic substances which we use in our daily life. (1+1)
22. Classify the following processes into physical or chemical changes.
(a) Beating of aluminum metal to make aluminum foil
(b) Digestion of food
(c) Cutting of a log of wood into pieces
(d) Burning of crackers
23. Write down the differences between aerobic and anaerobic respiration.
24. What is villi? What is the function of it?
25. A toy train cover 240 m in 2 min. Calculate speed in m/s.
26. Mercury thermometer are used more commonly than alcohol thermometer. What can be the reason for this?

SECTION-C

(3X7=21)

27. Write 3 characteristics of acids by which we can identify acids.

28. A small amount of hydrochloric acid is always produced in the stomach. Is it useful or harmful for us? If excess of acid is produced in the stomach, what should we do? Give example of an organic acid. (1+1+1)

OR

Describe two changes that are harmful. Explain why you consider them harmful? How can you prevent them? (1+1+1)

29. What is symbiotic nutrition? Explain with example? (1+2)

OR

What is photosynthesis? What is the role of plant leaves in photosynthesis?

30. What is digestion? What is the role of stomach in digestion of human? (1+2)

31. What is diaphragm? What is the role of diaphragm in breathing? (1+2)

32. With the help of an example explain how will you calculate the speed from a distance time graph.

33. Hot water poured in a stainless steel glass cools faster than the hot water in a plastic glass or ceramic glass. Why does it happen?

OR

Raju walked to school which is 3 km from his house and reached there in half an hour. Calculate his speed.

SECTION-D

(5X3=15)

34.(i) Write down 3 differences between physical and chemical change.

(ii) Write down 2 main properties of bases. (3+2)

OR

(i) Write down 3 differences between acids and bases.

(ii) Explain why burning of a candle considered both physical and chemical change?

35. . Name the types of teeth present in human. Write the number & function of each type. What is wisdom-teeth? (1+2+2)

OR

What is inhalation? What do we breathe out? Describe the respiration process in human. (1+1+3)

36. Draw the pattern of uniform motion and non-uniform motion graph in distance time graph . Manpreet is riding a bicycle home from school. She is approaching a busy area and she sees an old man crossing the street. The man is walking slowly and she is not sure if she will have time to stop before she reach him.

What are some things she can do to avoid a collision with the pedestrian? (3+2)

OR

What is breeze? Why does air flow? Explain formation of land breeze with picture. (1+1+3)

SECTION-E

(4X3=12)

37. One day Rahul's mother after taking meal felt pain and irritation in her stomach. His father was out of station. Rahul was an intelligent boy. He remembered his teacher's statement and gave his mother some baking soda solution which gave her a relief from pain and irritation of stomach. Read the above passage and answer the following questions.

- (a) Which information given by Rahul's teacher that helped him to select the baking soda as remedy?
- (b) Why he selects baking soda as a cure? What is the chemical formula of baking soda?
- (c) What is the name of the acid that produced in our stomach? (1+2+1)

38. Our muscle cells can also respire aerobically, but only for a short time, when there is a temporary deficiency of oxygen. During heavy exercises, fast running, cycling, walking for many hours or heavy weight lifting the demand for energy is high. But the supply of oxygen to produce the energy is limited. Then anaerobic respiration takes place in the muscle cell to fulfill the demand of energy.

Glucose (In muscle, in absence of oxygen) \rightarrow Lactic acid + Energy

The cramps occur when muscle cell respire an-aerobically. The partial breakdown of glucose produces lactic acid the accumulation of lactic acid causes muscle cramps. We got relief from cramps after a hot water bath or a massage. Hot water bath or massage improves circulation of blood. As a result the supply of oxygen to the muscle cells increase. The increase in the supply of oxygen results in the complete breakdown of lactic acid into carbon-dioxide and water.(1+1+1+1)

- 1) Can muscle cells respire an-aerobically?
 - a. True
 - b. False
 - c. None
- 2) Which substances causes muscle cramps during strenuous workout or any other hardcore training-
 - a. Glucose
 - b. Lactic acid
 - c. None
- 3) How do we get relief from muscle cramps?
- 4) How is lactic acid broken down?

39. Rahul noticed that his mother was cooking rice in a vessel made of metal, while his friend's mother was cooking rice in a vessel made of clay. Both vessels were placed on the same flame, but Rahul observed that the rice in the metal vessel cooked faster than the rice in the clay vessel.

1. Why did the rice cook faster in the metal vessel? (1 mark)
2. What property of metal allows it to cook food faster? (1 mark)
3. What would happen if the clay vessel was replaced with a vessel made of wood? (1 mark)
4. How does the material of the vessel affect the cooking time? (1 marks)

7. Earth day is celebrated on _____.

- i) 6th April ii) 8th April
iii) 22nd April iv) 1st April

8. Deepest mine in the world is in _____.

- i) South America ii) South Africa
iii) North America iv) Asia

9. As per estimates a mature leafy tree produces as much oxygen in a season as _____ people inhale in a year.

- i) 10 ii) 20
iii) 30 iv) 40

10. Which one of them is a producer?

- i) Rabbit ii) Plant
iii) Dog iv) Eagle

Section- B (VSA) 2x4=8

11. What do you mean by the term 'weathering'?

12. How is a delta formed?

13. Define Pangaea. Who propounded the theory about it?

14. Give an example of old fold and young fold mountain.

Section- C (SA) 3x3=9

15. What is Anticlines and Synclines? Explain with diagram.

16. Write different between Erosion and Deposition.

17. Write three uses of rocks and minerals.

Section- D (LA) 5x2=10

18. Describe the landforms, created by the action of River.

Or

Describe the landforms, created by the action of Wind.

19. What is volcano? Classify the volcano based on their frequency of eruption.

Section- E (Diagram based) 3x1=3

11. Draw the following figure:

Focus, Epicenter, Waves of an earthquake.

Class VII

History MCQ

(1x5=5)

- Q 21. Sultan Mahmud of Ghazni came from _____ .
a) China b) Afghanistan c) Russia d) Arabia
22. In medieval period in India Token currency was introduced by _____.
a) Baur b) Muhammad Tughlaq c) Akbar d) Iltutmish
23. _____ among the following was not a Turkish ruler.
a) Balban b) Iltutmish c) Khizr Khan d) Razia
24. Akbar's revenue minister was _____.
a) Abul Fazl b) Birbal c) Tansen d) Todar Mal
25. _____ was born in 1542 C.E. in Amarkot when Humayun was in exile.
a) Sher Shah b) Shivaji c) Akbar d) none of these

Civics MCQ

(1x5=5)

26. In democracy, people are governed by _____.
a) army leader b) King c) people's representatives d) none of these
27. Rosa Parks was _____.
a) an African American woman b) a German woman
c) An Indian woman d) a French woman
28. The Head of the State Government is _____.
a) Chief Minister b) MLA c) Governor d) President
29. The _____ is first influence in a child's life.
a) society b) school c) media d) family
30. Members of the Legislative Council are elected for a term of _____ years.
a) four b) five c) six d) seven

31. (H-VSA)

Define feudalism that appeared in the medieval India. (2)

32. (C-VSA)

What is health? (2)

33. (H-SA)

How can we say that the Rashtrakutas and Chandelas were patrons of art and architecture? (3)

34. (C-SA)

Describe the main functions of the state legislature. (3)

35. (H-LA)

Mention the three experiments of Muhammad Tughlaq. Explain reasons for their failure. (1.5+3.5=5)

36. (C-LA)

How are the gender roles identified in a family? How gender inequality can be removed from society? (2.5+2.5=5)

37. (H- ~~ease-based~~ Higher Order Thinking Skill based)

What is your assessment about Humayun as a monarch? Was he coward? Or just a loser? (4)

38. (C- Case based)

Most of the countries used to be monarchical. But now most of them are democratic. – Why has this happened? (4)

39. In the given map of India locate Delhi and Khambhat. (2)

Class-7

26. The first state in India to introduce the midday meal scheme is-

- a. Tamil Nadu
- b. Maharashtra
- c. West Bengal
- d. Kerala

27. The Head of the Government is the-

- a. Chief Minister
- b. Governor
- c. MLA
- d. Minister

28. One of the healthiest countries in South America-

- a. USA
- b. Costa Rica
- c. Canada
- d. None of these

29. Full form of MLA is -

- a. Member of Legislative Council.
- b. Member of Legislative Assembly.
- c. None of these
- d. All of these

30. The _____ is the first influence in a child's life-

- a. School
- b. Media
- c. Society
- d. Family

32. The wages of domestic workers are very low- Explain (2)

34. Distinguish between Growing period of boys and girls. (3)

36. (3+2)

i. What is the composition of state legislature? (3)

ii. Distinguish between unicameral and bicameral (2)

38. Read The passage carefully.

In 2005, the Government of India adopted the National Rural Health Mission (NRHM), aimed to provide better healthcare services to the people. The programme specially focuses on 18 states

of India, including Arunachal Pradesh, Assam, Bihar, Chhattisgarh, Himachal Pradesh, Jharkhand, Manipur and so on. The major aims of the mission are to improve hygiene and sanitation infrastructure, take care of the health of mothers, and train residents from each village as an ASHA.

Answer the following questions.

i. What are the major aims of ASHA?(2)

ii. Write the state names where the programmes are specially focused.(2)



DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL RAMPURHAT

MID-TERM EXAMINATION

SESSION: 2024-2025

SUBJECT: COMPUTER SCIENCE

CLASS – VII

Time Allowed: 2 Hrs 15 Mins

Max. Marks: 50

General Instructions:

- (i) First 15 minutes are allowed only for reading the question paper.
Students must NOT start writing during this time.
- (ii) This question paper consists of 3 printed pages.

Multiple Choice Based Questions:

[1x5=5]

- Which number system is based on symbols?
a) Octal b) Hexadecimal c) Decimal d) Binary
- Which device is used to connect multiple computers in a network and manage data traffic?
a) Hub b) Printer c) Mouse d) Monitor
- What does cyberbullying involve?
a) Stealing banking information b) Spying on a business
c) Emotionally harming someone on social media d) Spreading viruses through emails
- What does decentralization mean in the context of blockchain?
a) Control by government agencies b) Control by a single central authority
c) Control by financial institutions d) Control by multiple individuals or entities
- Which of the following is not a network topology?
a) LAN b) Star
c) Mesh d) Ring

State True or False:

[1x5=5]

- Data centralization helps in reducing data inconsistency.
- Denial of Services (DoS) attacks involve overloading a network to disrupt its normal functioning.
- Corporate espionage involves illegally spying on a business to steal information.
- Blockchain ensures user privacy by hiding all personal details.
- Algorithmic design does not involve creating a specific sequence of actions.

7. **Fill in the blanks:** **[1x5=5]**
- (a) The hexadecimal number system includes digits and letters, specifically 0-9 and _____.
- (b) Network topology where each device is connected to a central hub is called a _____ topology.
- (c) The act of using computers to frighten or attack large numbers of people is called _____.
- (d) Transparency in blockchain means that everyone on the blockchain can see _____.
- (e) The process of breaking down any problem to efficiently solve it is called _____.

8. **Match the following:** **[1x5=5]**

Column A	Column B
i. Phishing	a. Tricking a user to steal personal information through fake emails
ii. Cyberbullying	b. Encrypting systems and demanding money for decryption
iii. Ransomware Attack	c. Illegally spying on a business to steal information
iv. Corporate Espionage	d. Emotionally harming someone on social media platforms
v. Spreading Fake News	e. Disseminating false information to manipulate public opinion

Short Answer Type Questions:

[2x9=18]

9. Explain one disadvantage of computer networks related to security.
10. What is the purpose of a router in a computer network?
11. How can spreading fake news impact society?
12. What is corporate espionage and why is it dangerous?
13. What is phishing and how can it be harmful?
14. Describe the features of blockchain.
15. Convert: $(256)_8 = (?)_{10}$
16. Add: $(10111)_2 + (1011)_2 = (?)_2$.
17. What is computational thinking?

Long Answer Type Questions:

[3x4=12]

18. Draw a flow chart to subtract two number.
19. What are the differences between the binary, octal, decimal, and hexadecimal number systems?
20. Convert $(10110)_2$ into corresponding decimal number.
21. Write an algorithm for grocery shopping.



DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL RAMPURHAT

MID-TERM EXAMINATION

SESSION: 2024-2025

SUBJECT: 3rd LANGUAGE FRENCH

CLASS – VII

Time Allowed: 2 Hrs 15 Mins

Max. Marks: 50

General Instructions:

- (i) First 15 minutes are allowed only for reading the question paper. Students must NOT start writing during this time.
(ii) This question paper consists of 2 printed pages.

SECTION=A

1. Cochez la bonne reponse . (Tick the correct answer.) (1x3=3)

1. La capitale de la France-

- (a) Berlin (b) Lyon (c) Paris

2. Le Louvre est -

- (a) Une tour (b) Un musee (c) Un hôtel

3. Le drapeau français est -

- (a) Orange , blanc , vert. (b) Vert , blanc , rouge . (c) Bleu , blanc , rouge.

2. Complétez avec les adjectifs demonstratifs (Complete with “ce , cet , cette , ces ” .)

(1x5=5)

- a. _____ lundi.
b. _____ femme.
c. _____ carrot.
d. _____ lapin.
e. _____ portables.

3. Complétez avec article definis . (Fill in the blanks with definite article “ le , la , l’ , les “)

(1x5=5)

- a. _____ fromage.
b. _____ hexagone.
c. _____ France.
d. _____ ciel.
e. _____ cartable.

SECTION-B

4. Complétez avec les articles indefinis. (Fill in the blanks with indefinite articles “un , une , des”)

(1x5=5)

- a. _____ parfum.
b. _____ college.
c. _____ chienne.
d. _____ yeux.

e. _____ sac.

5. faire correspondre les colonnes (Match the following .)

(1x10=10)

A

1. Bonjour! a. yes
2. Bonne journee !
3. Merci !
4. Bienvenue !
5. Enchanté !
6. Comment ça va ?
7. Comment allez-vous ?
8. Bonne nuit!
9. Bonsoir!
10. Oui .

6. Conjuguez les verbes . (Conjugate the verbs.)

- a. J' _____ (acheter).
- b. Tu _____ (bavarder).
- c. Elle _____ (commencer)
- d. Ils _____ (manger).
- e. Vous _____ (fermer).

B

- b. How are you ?
- c. Good night .
- d. Good evening.
- e. Nice to meet you.
- f. Good morning.
- g. Welcome.
- h. Have a nice day.
- i. How are you ?
- j. Thank you.

(1x5=5)

SECTION-C

7 . Conjuguez les verbes .(conjugate the verbs.)

(1x5=5)

- a. Je _____ (relantir)
- b. Tu _____ (finir).
- c. Vous _____ (batir)
- d. Nous _____ (reussir).
- e. Ils _____ (rougir).

8. Retrouvez les mots. (Unjumble these words .)

(1x6=6)

- a. ERFMOGA.
- b. ROBJNOU.
- c. SAPIR.
- d. MAFRUA.
- e. EIBNEVUNE
- f. RFCEAN

9. Écrivez les normbres 1 a 30 en français. (write 1 to 30 in french .)

(6)



DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL RAMPURHAT

MID-TERM EXAMINATION

SESSION: 2024-2025

SUBJECT: 3rd LANGUAGE GERMAN

CLASS – VII

Time Allowed: 2 Hrs 15 Mins

Max. Marks: 50

General Instructions:

- (i) First 15 minutes are allowed only for reading the question paper. Students must NOT start writing during this time.
- (ii) This question paper consists of 3 printed pages.

SECTION-A

1. Lesen Sie den Text und schreiben Sie die Antworten. (Read the Text and write the following Answers). (2x5=10)

Matthias ist ein Junge. Er ist klein, aber klug. Er kommt aus Bremen. Er ist Zehn Jahre alt und ein Schüler. Maria ist aus Monopoli. Das liegt in Italien. Seit zwei Jahren ist sie in Deutschland. Sie ist nicht nur schön, sondern auch intelligent. Sie ist glücklich. Sie lacht und singt. Anton ist dick and faul-ein richtiger Faulpelz. Er bleibt meist zu Hause und sitzt müßig vor dem Fernseher. Sein Hund Rocky liegt auch ganz nah und spielt sehr ungerne.
Alle sind anders, und doch Freunde!

1. Woher kommt Matthias?
2. Wie alt ist Matthias?
3. Wo liegt Monopoli?
4. Wie heißt der Hund?
5. Seit wann ist Maria in Deutschland?

2. Ergänzen Sie mit „Haben“ und „Sein“ verb (Fill in the blank with haben and sein Verb). (1x5=5)

Bist ____ Rohit ?

Nein, Ich ____ Virat.

Wie alt bist du ?

Ich ____ 35 jahre alt.

Ich ____ ein Cricket Spieler von Indien.

Ich ____ ein BMW Wagen.

3. Bilden Sie den Satz mit dem folgenden Adjektiven (make a sentence with following Adjectives) (2x5=10)

Faul-

Gut-

Schlecht-

Groß-

Schön-

4.Schreiben sie die Nummer im Wort Formen (Write the numbers in German) (1x5=5)

59-

95-

47-

83-

55-

SECTION-B

5.Bilden Sie die Sätze in Ordnung (Rearrange). (1x5=5)

Deutsch/ Wir/ lernen .

Ich/ spielen/ Cricket /gern.

Ich / können/ spielen/Cricket.

Ich/ möchten/ trinken/ die Cola.

Du/ in/ Wohnen/ Rampurhat ?

6. Bilden Sie diesen Satz mit Modalverben (1x5=5)

1. Trinkst du das Cola ? (möchten)

2. Wir trinken viel Wasser.(müssen)

3. Ich reise Kashmir.(möchten)

4. Ich spiele Fußball.(Können)

5. Sprichst du Deutsch ? (Können)

7. Schreiben Sie über „Mein Freund“ oder „Meine Freundin“. (10)



DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL RAMPURHAT

MID-TERM EXAMINATION

SESSION: 2024-2025

SUBJECT: GENERAL KNOWLEDGE

CLASS – VII

Name: _____ Sec: _____ Roll No: _____

Invigilator's Sign: _____

Examiner's Sign: _____

Time Allowed: 45 Mins

Max. Marks: 25

Tick the correct options:

(1×25=25)

1. Identify the dog breed:



a) Pug b) Labrador c) Poodle d) Chihuahua

2. An aromatic herb used to treat stomach-ache and flavor drinks and beverages. Name the herb.

a) Mint b) Turmeric c) Neem d) Fenugreek

3. A herb used as a base for toothpaste; it helps in the treatment of malaria and fever. The name of the herb is _____.

a) neem b) Aloe vera c) salt d) chillies

4. _____ is a popular herb used for treating wounds, skin conditioning and fighting infection.

a) Aloe vera b) Mint c) Oregano d) Rosemary

5. This variety of cactus has a smooth and waxy skin and is covered with two-inch spines that are located on the tree's vertical ribs. It can absorb a lot of water as its ribs can expand.

a) Saguaro Cactus b) Barrel Cactus c) Crimson Hedgehog Cactus d) Joshua

6. Pollutants are chiefly classified as _____ and _____.

a) biodegradable, non-biodegradable b) primary pollutant, secondary pollutant

c) local pollutant, regional pollutant d) fund pollutant, stock pollutant

7. _____ and _____ are natural pollutants present in volcanic eruptions.

a) Sulphur-di-oxide, hydrogen sulphide b) Carbon monoxide, hydrogen sulphide

c) Carbon monoxide, sulphur-di-oxide d) Hydrogen, carbon

8. The pollution caused by the combination of smoke and fog is known as _____.

a) smog b) fog c) smoke d) none of these

9. _____ is the biggest marine oil spillage ever that claimed millions of marine lives.

a) Deep Water Horizon Oil Spill b) Digboi Oil Spill c) Kochi Oil Spill d) None of these

10. The most adverse effect of global warming has been seen in which of the following animal species?

a) Penguins b) Sparrows c) tigers d) ants

11. Which one of the following rivers does not depend on the Himalayan glacier and will not be affected if this glacier dries up due to global warming?
 a) Ganga b) Brahmaputra c) Sutlej d) Godavari
12. Global warming can cause which of the following changes?
 a) air pollution b) health related illnesses c) drought and floods d) all of them
13. In an ecosystem there are lots of interconnected food chains that form _____.
 a) foodnet b) food chain d) food web e) food pyramid
14. It is the position of living being in their food chain having similar feeding modes -
 a) Trophic Level b) Producer c) Consumer d) None of these
15. Living beings that produce organic matter from inorganic matter are examples of them. Plants and algae are also the same because they convert carbon dioxide, with the help of sunlight to produce foods like carbohydrates, starch, and protein for other beings to eat. What are they called?
 a) Primary Producers b) Secondary Producers c) Tertiary Producers d) Consumers
16. Shankaracharya wrote a commentary on which of the following systems of Hindu philosophy?
 a) Sankhya b) Yoga c) Uttarmimansa d) Mimansa
17. Which of the following are the earliest examples of rock cut architecture in Ancient India?
 a) Elephanta Caves b) Barbara Caves c) Ellora Caves d) Ajanta Caves
18. Name the Chinese traveller who described the Indian society in his book Fo-Kwo-ki?
 a) Pan-Ku b) Fa-hien c) I-tsing d) Hiuen Tsang
19. During the reign of which ruler were Gandhara and Mathura School of Art developed?
 a) Menander b) Skandagupta c) Harshavardhana d) Kanishka
20. Bhagavad Gita belongs to which of the following Parvas of Mahabharata?
 a) Drone Parva b) Vana Parva c) Shanti Parva d) Bhisma Parva
21. Identify the dog breed:



- a) German Shepherd b) Dalmatian c) Poodle d) Pug
22. Located in the state of Rajasthan, this city is surrounded by the Aravali Mountains. The city acts as a base for visiting the holy city of Pushkar. It is a pilgrimage centre for the shrine of the Sufi Saint Khwaja Moinuddin Chishti. What is the name of the city?
 a) Ajmer b) Cuttack c) Bhilai d) Jhansi
23. The city enjoys the nickname 'The Silicon Valley of India'. It is also known as the Garden City of India. What is the name of the city?
 a) Bengaluru b) Salt Lake c) Hyderabad d) Mumbai
24. Which of the following is known as Encyclopedia of Buddhism?
 a) Buddhacharita b) Vinayapitaka c) Mahavibhasa d) MilindaPanho
25. It became the 25th Indian State in May 1987. It is bounded on the north by Maharashtra and on the east and south by Karnataka. Its 105 Km coastline opens up to the Arabian Sea in the west. What is the name of the state?
 a) Lakshadweep b) Puducherry c) Goa d) Kerala